

YOGI VEMANA UNIVERSITY : KADAPA  
Structure of BA - Political Science under CBCS

Yr	Sem ester	Paper	Title	Hr/ Wk	Cre dits	Marks	
						Int	Ext
1	I	I	Basic Concepts of Political Science	5	4	25	75
	II	II	Political Institutions (Concepts, Theories and Institutions)	5	4	25	75
2	III	III	Indian Constitution	5	4	25	75
	IV	IV	Indian Political Process	5	4	25	75
3	V	V	Indian Political Thought	5	4	25	75
		VI	Western Political Thought	5	4	25	75
	VI	VII	Principles of Public Administration	5	4	25	75
		VIII	Elective VIII-A1: International Relations	5	4	25	75
			Elective VIII-A2: Indian Foreign Policy	5	4	25	75
Elective VIII-A3: Contemporary Global Issues	5		4	25	75		

**Note:** Student Activities like Data/picture analysis, Seminars, Assignments, Group Discussions, Case studies, Fieldwork, Surveys, Study Projects, Models are Part of Curriculum in all papers. The teacher shall identify appropriate activities for each unit and assign them to all the students for improving domain skills.

**FIRST YEAR; SEMESTER – I**  
**B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**PAPER-I: BASIC CONCEPTS OF POLITICAL SCIENCE**

Unit-1: Explanatory Frameworks of Politics

1. What is Politics: Nature and Scope of Political Science
2. Approaches to the Study of Politics: Normative, Historical, Empirical Traditions

Unit-2: What is the State

1. Origin and Evolution of the Modern State
2. Different Conceptions on the role of the Modern State: Social Democratic and Neo

Liberal conceptions

Unit-3: Nations and Nationalism

1. Conceptual Distinction between Nationality and Nation
2. Varieties of Nationalism: Culture and Civic Nationalism

Unit-4: Rights and Citizenship

1. Evolution of Rights: Civil and Social rights
2. Citizenship: Universal and Differential Citizenship

Unit-5: Freedom, Equality and Justice

1. Freedom: Negative and Positive Freedom
2. Equality: Formal Equality, Equality of Opportunity, Equality of Outcome
3. Justice: Justice based on Needs, Deserts and Rights

**Reference books:**

1. Bhargava Rajeev and Acharya Ashok (eds) (2008) Political Theory: An Introduction, Pearson, New Delhi.
2. Andrew Heywood (2007) Politics 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York.
3. Bellamy R (1993) (Ed) Theories and Concepts of Politics, Manchester university press, New York.

4. Vincent A (2004) The Nature of Political Theory, Oxford University Press, New York.

**FIRST YEAR; SEMESTER – II**  
**B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**PAPER-II : POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS**  
**(CONCEPTS, THEORIES AND INSTITUTIONS)**

Unit-1: Constitutionalism

1. The Purpose of Constitutional law, Theory of Separation of Powers
2. Structural Forms of the Modern State: Basic features of Parliamentary and Presidential forms of Government

Unit-2: Territorial Division of Authority of the Modern State

1. Basic features of Federal form of Government
2. Basic features of Unitary form of Government

Unit-3: Institutional forms of the Modern State

1. Democracy: Basic features of Classical and Modern Representative Democracy
2. Models of Democracy: Procedural Democracy and Substantive Democracy

Unit-4: Judiciary and Democratic State

1. The nature, role and functions of the Judiciary
2. Judicial Review: Debates on the Supremacy of legislature or Judiciary in the protection of Constitutional law

**Reference books:**

1. Andrew Heywood (2007) Politics 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Palgrave Macmillan, New York
2. Held, David (2006) Models of Democracy 3<sup>rd</sup> edition Oxford Polity Press
3. Birch A.H (2000) The Concepts and Theories of Democracy, London Routledge
4. Bogdanor, V (Ed) (1988) Constitutions in Democratic Politics Gower, Aldershot

5. Scott Gordon (1999) *Controlling the State: Constitutionalism from Ancient Athens to Today*, Cambridge, Harvard University Press.

**SECOND YEAR; SEMESTER – III**  
**B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**PAPER-III : INDIAN CONSTITUTION**

Unit-1: The Making of the Constitution

1. The ideological legacy of the Indian National Movement on the Constituent Assembly
2. The Nature and Composition of the Constituent Assembly

Unit-2: Philosophical Premises of the Indian Constitution

1. Preamble: The underlying values of the Indian Constitution
2. Salient features of the Constitution of India

Unit-3: Fundamental rights and Directive principles of State Policy

1. Individual and Collective Rights: Limitations on the fundamental Rights
2. Judicial Interpretation of Fundamental Rights
3. The doctrine of 'Basic Structure' of the Constitution: KesavanandaBharathi Case

Unit-4: Indian Federalism

1. Unitary and Federal features in the Indian Constitution
2. Tension Areas between the Union and State Governments  
Legislative, Administrative and Financial Spheres

Unit-5: Working of the Indian Constitution

1. The Values of the Indian Constitution and Ushering of Social Revolution in India

2. The causes for the Ascendency of the Executive over legislature and Judiciary; Major Controversies regarding the Amendments to the Constitution
3. Nature and Role of Higher Judiciary in India; Recent Debates on the mode of appointment of Judges

**Reference books:**

1. Granville Austin (1972) the Indian Constitution, Cornerstone of a Nation Oxford university Press, New Delhi.
2. Madhavkhosla (2012) the Indian Constitution, oxford university press, New Delhi
3. Granville Austin (1999) Working a Democratic Constitution; A History of the Indian Experience, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
4. Zoya Hasan, Sridharan E and Sudharshan R (Eds) 2002 India's living Constitution, Permanent black, New Delhi
5. BaxiUpendra (1980) the Indian Supreme Court and Politics Eastern book co, Lucknow

**SECOND YEAR; SEMESTER – IV  
B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE  
PAPER-IV : INDIAN POLITICAL PROCESS**

Unit-1: Approaches to Study the Political Processes in India

1. Theory of Modernization: Transition from Tradition to Modernity
2. Marxian Approach: Transition from pre-capitalism to capitalism

Unit-2: Social Structure and Democratic Process

1. Transition of Caste System: From Hierarchy to Identity: Role of Agency
2. Politicisation of Intermediate and Dalit Caste Communities
3. Evolution of Modernity in India

Unit-3: Religion and Politics

1. Competing Communalisms: Majoritarian and Minoritarian
2. Debates on Secularism; Role of the State towards religion

Unit-4: Party and Electoral Processes in India

1. Electoral Trends of the lok Sabha from 1952 to 2014: From the One Party Congress System to Multi Party Coalitions
2. Determinants of Voting Behavior in India; Caste, Class, Patronage, Money etc.

3. Evolution of Party System in India: the Ideology and Social bases of major Political Parties: INC,BJP,CPM, DMK,BSP,TDP

**Reference books:**

1. Chandhoke N and Priyadarshini P (Eds) (2009) Contemporary India Economy, society, politics, Pearson, NewDelhi.
2. Vanaik A and Bhargava R (Eds) (2010) Understanding Contemporary India Critical perspectives orient black swan New Delhi.
3. Jayal N G and Mehta PB (Eds) (2010) Oxford Companion to Indian Politics Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
4. Kohliatul and Prema Singh (Ed) (2013) Routledge Hand book of Indian Politics Routledge, NewYork.
5. Jaffrelot C (2003) India's Silent Revolution: The Rise of the Lower Caste in North India, C Hrust, London.
6. Stanely A. Kochanek, Robert L.Hardgrave, India Government and Politics in a Developing Nation, Boston, Wards Worth Publishing, 2006.
7. Rajeev Bhargava (Ed) Secularism and its Critics (1998), Delhi, OUP.

**THIRD YEAR; SEMESTER – V**  
**B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**PAPER-V : INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

Unit-1: Traditions of Ancient Indian Political Thought

1. Sources and features of Ancient Indian Political Thought
2. Manu: Social laws
3. Kautilya:Theory of the State

Unit-2: Renaissance Thought

1. Rammohun Roy: Religious and Social Reform
2. PanditaRamabai: Gender

Unit-3: Early Nationalism

1. DadabaiNaoroji: Drain Theory and Poverty
2. Ranade M G : The Role of the State and Religious Reform

Unit-4: Religious Nationalism

1. Savarkar V D : Hindutva or Hindu Cultural Nationalism
2. Mohammed Iqbal: Islamic Communitarian Nationalism

Unit-5: Democratic Egalitarianism

1. Gandhi-Swaraj and Satyagraha
2. Jawaharlal Nehru- Democratic Socialism
3. Dr.Ambedkar B R – Annihilation of Caste System
4. M.N.Roy: Radical Humanism

**Reference books:**

1. Pantham Thomas and Kenneth Deutsch(Ed)(1986)  
Political thought in modern India, Sage, New Delhi
2. BidyutChakrabarthy and Rajendra Kumar Pandey (2009) modern Indian political thought, Sage, New Delhi
3. Gurpreet Mahajan (2013), India : Political ideas and making of a democratic discourse, zed book, London
4. Partha Chatterjee (1986) nationalist thought and the colonial world: A derivative disclosure, zed books, London
5. Bhikhu Parekh (1999) colonialism, tradition and reform,Sage,New Delhi
6. Bhikhu Parekh(1989) Gandhi’s political philosophy ,Macmillan, London

**THIRD YEAR; SEMESTER – V  
B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE  
PAPER-VI : WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

Unit-1: Classical Western Political Thought

1. Plato: Theory of Forms, Critique of Democracy, Justice
2. Aristotle: Citizenship, State, Justice, Virtue

Unit-2: Early Medieval to the Beginning of Modern Thought

1. St. Augustine: Earthly City and Heavenly City, Evil, Freewill, Moral Action
2. Machiavelli, Statecraft, Virtue, Fortuna

### Unit-3: Liberal Thought

1. Thomas Hobbes: Human nature, Social Contract, liberty, State
2. John Locke: Natural Rights, Consent, Social Contract, State
3. Rousseau: Social institutions and Moral Man, Equality, liberty and General Will

### Unit-4: Liberal Democratic Thought

1. Jeremy Bentham: Utilitarianism
2. John Stuart Mill: Individual liberty, Representative Government

### Unit-5: Philosophical Idealism and its critique

1. Hegel: Individual Freedom, Civil Society, State
2. Karl Marx: Alienation, Surplus Value, Materialist Conception of History, State

### Reference books

1. Shefali Jha (2010) Western Political Thought from Plato to Karl Marx, Pearson, New Delhi
2. Boucher D and Kelly P (Eds) (2009) Political Thinkers from Socrates to the Present, Oxford University press, oxford
3. Coleman J (2000) A History of Modern Political Thought: From Ancient Greece to early Christianity, Blackwell publishers, oxford
4. Macpherson C B (1962) The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Oxford University press, oxford
5. Hampsher-monk I (2001) A History of Modern Political Thought: Major Political Thinkers from Hobbes to Marx, Blackwell publishers, oxford

## **THIRD YEAR; SEMESTER –VI**

### **B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

#### **PAPER-VII : PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

##### Unit-1: Nature of Public Administration

1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of Public Administration
2. Significance of Public Administration
3. Public and Private Administration



Unit-2: Administrative Theories

1. Classical Theory-Henry Fayol
2. Human Relations theory-Elton Mayo
3. Rational Decision making theory-Herbert Simon

Unit-3: Principles of Organization

1. Hierarchy- Span of control-Unity of command
2. Decision Making-Communication
3. Co-ordination-leadership

Unit-4: Structure of organization

1. Chief Executive-Types and Functions
2. Department-Bases of Departmentalization
3. Line and Staff Agencies

Unit-5: Theories of Motivation

1. Meaning and importance of Motivation
2. Hierarchy of needs theory; Abraham Maslow
3. Theories of X and Y ; Douglas Mc Gregor

**Reference books:**

1. Pardhasaradhi (Eds) (2011) Public Administration; Concepts, Theories and Principles, Telugu Academy, Hyderabad
2. R.kSapru (2014) 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Administrative Theories and Management Thought, PHI learning Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi.
3. Prasad D R, Prasad V S,(Eds) (2010),Administrative Thinkers, Sterling Publishers, NewDelhi.

**(Cluster Elective)**  
**PAPER: VIII-A1: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

Unit- I: Basic Concepts of International Relations

1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Relations
2. (a). Balance of power                      (b). National interests  
(c). Collective Security                      (d). Diplomacy

Unit-II: Approaches to the study of International Relations

1. Idealism – Woodrow Wilson
2. Classical Realism – Hans Morgenthau
3. Neo – realism – Kenneth Waltz

Unit-III: Phases of International Relations (1914-1945)

1. Causes for the First World War
2. Causes for the Second World War

Unit-IV: Phases of International Relations (1945 onwards)

1. Origins of First Cold War
2. Rise and Fall of Détente
3. Origins and the End of Second Cold War

Unit-V: International Organisation

1. The role of UNO in the protection of International Peace
2. Problems of the Third World : Struggle for New International Economic Order

**Reference Books:**

1. Jackson, R and Sorensan Y, Introduction to International Relations; Theories and approaches, New York, OUP, 2008.
2. Baylis, J and Smith, S (Eds), The Globalization of World Politics; An Introduction to International Relations, Oxford, OUP,2011
3. Aneek Chatterjee, International Relations Today; Concepts and Applications, New Delhi, Pearson Education, 2008.
4. E.H. Carr, International relations between the two world Wars, Lodon, Palgrave Macmillan, 2004.

**THIRD YEAR; SEMESTER –VI**  
**B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**PAPER:VIII-A2: INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY**

Unit- I: Evolution of Indian Foreign of Policy

1. Determinants of Indian Foreign of Policy
2. Continuity and change in Indian Foreign Policy

Unit-II: Non-Alignment and UNO

1. The role of India in the Non-Alignment Movement
2. Relevance of Non-Aligned Movement in the Contemporary World
3. Role of India in the UNO in protection of International Peace

Unit-III: India's Relation with USA and China

1. Indo- US Relations: Pre- Cold War Era, Post- Cold War Era
2. India – China Relations: Pre- Cold War Era, Post- Cold War Era

Unit-IV: India and her Neighbours

1. Indo- Pakistan Relations
2. India's role in South Asian Association of Regions Cooperation (SAARC)

**Reference Books:**

1. David Scott (Ed), Handbook of India's International Relations, London, Routledge,2011
2. Ganguly, S (Ed), India as an Emerging Power,Portland, Franck class, 2003
3. Pant, H, Contemporary Debates in Indian Foreign and Security Policy, London, Palgrave Macmillian,2008
4. Tellis, A and Mirski, S (Eds), Crux of Asia; China, India, and the Emerging global Order, Washington, Carnegie endowment for international peace,2013
5. Muni, S.D, India's Foreign Policy Delhi CUP, 2009
6. Alyssa Ayres and Raja Mohan, C (Eds), Power Realignment in Asia: China, India and the United States, New Delhi, Sage, 2002.
7. Appadorai, A, Domestic roots of Indian Foreign Policy, New Delhi, OUP,1971 Dutt, V.P, India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World, New Delhi,NBT,2011

**THIRD YEAR; SEMESTER – VI**  
**B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**PAPER: VIII-A3 : CONTEMPORARY GLOBAL ISSUES**

Unit- I: Conceptions of Globalization

1. Economic Conception of Globalization
2. Political Conception of Globalization

Unit-II: Anchors of Global Political Economy

1. International Monetary Fund – Nature, Role and Functions
2. World Bank-Nature, Role and Functions
3. World Trade Organization: Origin, Nature and role in the context of Globalization

Unit-III: Nation State and Globalization

1. The role of Nation State in the context of Globalization
2. Consequences of Globalization – Rise of Inequalities within and across Nations

Unit-IV: Contemporary Global issues

1. Ecological Issues: International Agreements On Climate Change
2. International Terrorism: Non- State Actors and State Terrorism

**Reference Books:**

1. Ritzer, G., Globalization: A Basic Text, Sussex: Wiley- Black well,2009
2. Streger, M., Globalization: A Very Short Introduction, Oxford, OUP,2013
3. Heywood, A., Global Politics, New York, Palgrave Macmillian,2011
4. Held, D et.al, Global Transformations; Politics, Economics and culture California, Stanford University Press,1999
5. J. Volger, 'Environmental Issues'in J. Baylis, S. Smith and Owens, P(Eds) Globalization of world politics, New York, Palgrave,2011